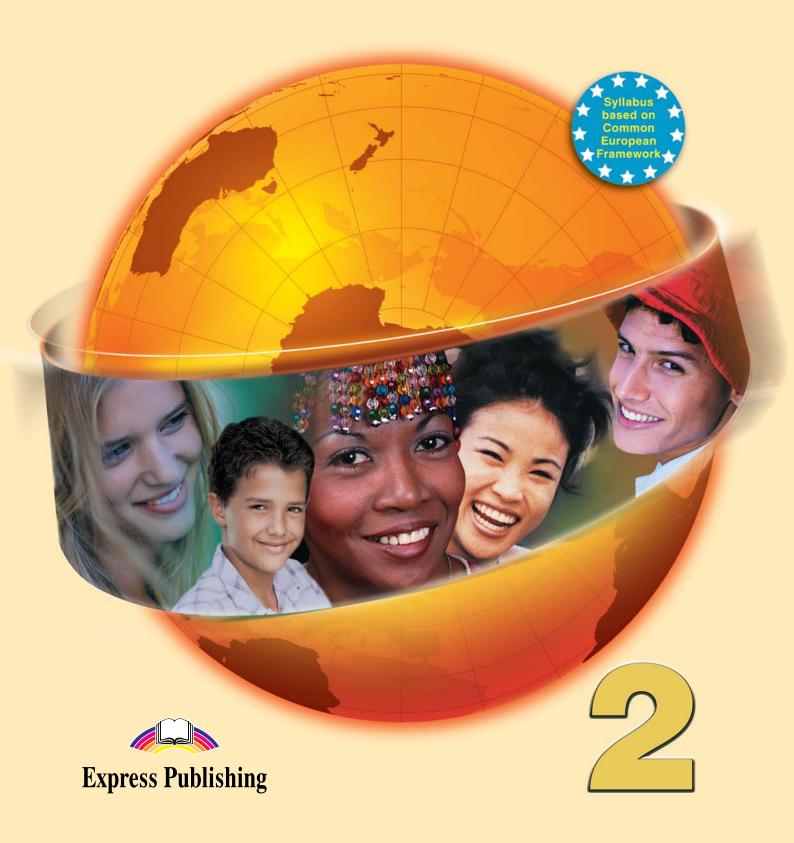
BLOCKBUSTER

Jenny Dooley-Virginia Evans

Student's Book



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Life Experiences

Units 16 - 20

♦ Before you start ...

- Where were you last weekend? How did you like it?
- Which is your favourite band? Talk about them.
- What's your favourite toy/game?

◆ Look at Module 4

• Where are the pictures 1-5 from? Say the page number.

♦ Find the page number(s) for

newspaper headlines a news report some famous people a story in pictures

♦ Listen, read and talk about ...

- what you were doing yesterday
- natural disasters
- accidents and injuries
- childhood memories

♦ Learn how to ...

- describe past experiences
- talk about natural disasters
- react to good or bad news
- express surprise and sympathy
- talk about accidents and disasters

♦ Practise ...

- past continuous
- past simple past continuous
- used to past simple
- subject/object questions
- adverbs of manner

♦ Write ...

- about what you/your family were doing yesterday
- a magazine article about a natural disaster
- a short news report
- a text about your childhood memories
- a short story

Culture Corner: Emergency Services in the UK
Curricular Cuts: (Citizenship) People who help us

Vocabulary

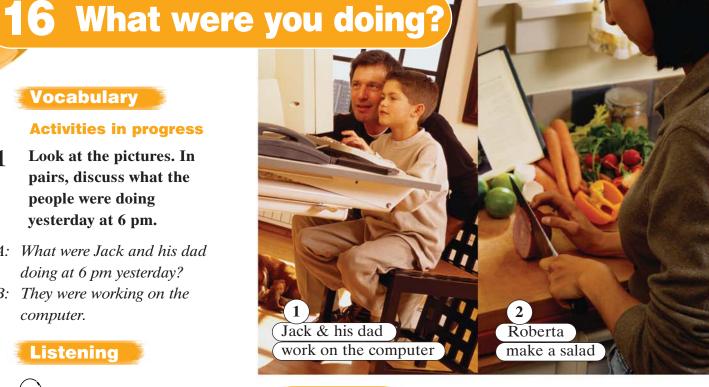
Activities in progress

- Look at the pictures. In 1 pairs, discuss what the people were doing yesterday at 6 pm.
- A: What were Jack and his dad doing at 6 pm yesterday?
- *B:* They were working on the computer.

Listening

- Listen and repeat. These are expressions from a dialogue between two friends. **Group them into expressions** of complaint and sympathy.
 - Don't ask! It was a nightmare!
 - Oh, no! Oh dear!
 - That's bad. It gets worse!
- Look at the drawings and the phrases above. What do you think the dialogue is about? Listen and check.





Reading

a) Read the dialogue and find two things that went wrong for Sandy. How did she feel? Then explain the words in bold.

Penny: Oh, Sandy, you're back! How was your day?

Sandy: Don't ask! It was a **nightmare**!

Penny: Oh dear! What happened?

Sandy: Well, at about 10 o'clock this morning I was **doing the shopping** at the new supermarket in the high street.

Penny: Oh yes? What's it like? It's **enormous**, I heard.

Sandy: It is, but I'm not going there again.

Penny: Why?

Sandy: To start with, I wasn't looking where I was going and I knocked over a whole display of cakes with my trolley.

Penny: Oh, no! Did anyone see you?

Sandy: Two shop assistants were filling the shelves **nearby**. When they saw me, they rushed to help, but one of them slipped and fell down.

Penny: That's bad.

Sandy: Well, it gets worse! I was waiting to pay at the **checkout** when I realised I didn't have my purse. I had to put all my shopping back.

Penny: You poor thing! Was everyone looking at

Sandy: Yes, they were all looking and laughing at

me. I was so embarrassed.

Penny: What a day!

Which sentences best describe the drawings?



Exploring Grammar

Past continuous

5 Read the examples and match them to the rules. Find more examples in the dialogue. Use them to say what happened to Sandy.

At about 7 o'clock **she was making** a salad. Ann **was doing** her homework while Jack **was working** on the computer.

She was walking the dog when it started raining.

We use the past continuous to talk about

- **a** an action happening in the past when another action interrupted it.
- **b** an action in progress at a certain time in the past.
- **c** two or more actions which were happening simultaneousy in the past.

Form: **personal pronoun + was/were + verb -ing** (*I was walking, you were walking,* etc)

6 What were they doing at 6 o'clock yesterday evening? Use the prompts to ask and answer.

Joe

ride a motorbike (X)/fly a helicopter (✓)

Ann & Tom

drive home (✗)/have a snack (✓)

Marv

play the piano (X)/play the violin (1)

Peter

read a comic (✗)/walk the dog (✓)

Bob & Liz

Listen to music (✗)/watch TV (✓)

- A: Was Mary playing the piano?
- *B*: No, she wasn't. She was playing the violin.

Speaking

- 7 What were you / your friends / your parents / etc doing yesterday at 8:00 am / 10:00 am / 1:30 pm / 10:00 pm? You can use the activities in the pictures (1-6) and your own ideas.
- A: What were you doing at 8:00 am yesterday?
- B: I was having breakfast. What were you doing?
- A: I was having a shower.
- 8 Portfolio: Think of a day that everything went wrong. Take roles and act out a dialogue similar to the one in Ex. 4.
 Use phrases from Ex. 2. Record your dialogue.

Writing

9 Portfolio: What were you / your family doing yesterday at 7:00 am, 3:00 pm, 8:00 pm? Write a short paragraph.

17 It happened to me!

Vocabulary

Natural disasters

- What are these disasters (A-F) called in your 1 language? Listen to the sounds. Which pictures do they match? How do they make you feel?
- Which of the words/phrases below 2 are related to a hurricane/an earthquake? Act out these events, without using words.
 - deep rumbling noise
 buildings/rocking
 - objects/flying wind/howling
 - people/shakingground/shaking

Reading

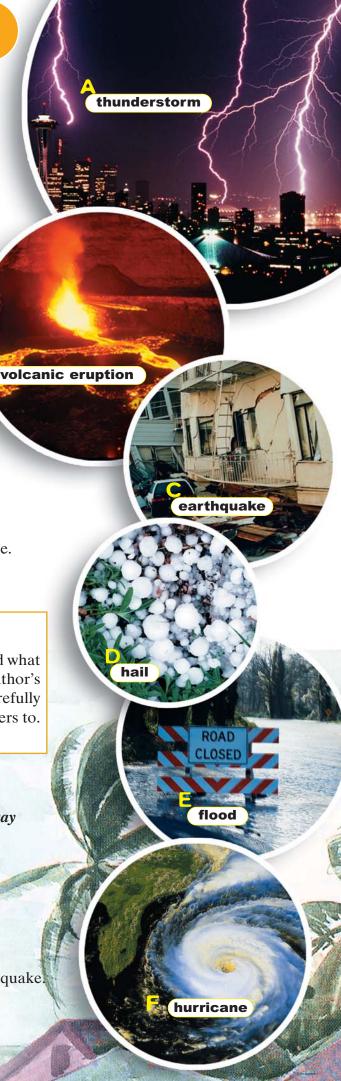
- a) The sentences below are taken from texts 3 A and B on p. 55. What could the texts be about? Listen and read to check.
 - **A** 1 The wind was howling and the sky was dark.
 - 2 A tree flew right past me.
 - **B** 1 As we were running the tremor was getting worse.
 - 2 The buildings were rocking from side to side.

Reading for detailed understanding

Read the texts quickly. This will help you understand what type they are, their general content and the author's purpose. Read the statements, then read again carefully and find the part of the texts that each statement refers to. The information may be phrased in different words.

- b) Read the texts and decide whether the statements (1-4) are Right (A) or Wrong (B). If there is not enough information choose *Doesn't say*
- (C). Then, explain the words in bold.
- 1 A tree hit John Lewis as he was running.
 - A Right **B** Wrong C Doesn't say
- 2 The weather in Dade County was very bad on August 24th.
 - A Right **B** Wrong C Doesn't say
- 3 Mrs Johnson was shopping at the time of the earthquake.
 - **B** Wrong C Doesn't say A Right
- 4 Mrs Johnson's friend couldn't run fast.

54 A Right **B** Wrong C Doesn't say



A "I will never forget what happened on August 24th. It was a dreadful day for everyone in Dade County. The wind was howling and the sky was black. Objects were flying all around me as I was trying to find a safe place. As I was running towards an underground shelter, a tree flew right past me. Inside, some people were hugging each other while others were crying and shaking. It was unbelievable!"

John Lewis (45), Miami, Florida

B "It was about 11:30 am and I was shopping with my friend. Suddenly, there was a deep rumbling noise and then I felt that the ground was shaking so I grabbed my friend's hand. She was trembling. I told her to run. As we were running the tremor was getting worse. The buildings were rocking from side to side and the roads were cracking. I was so scared I thought we weren't going to survive! Everybody was screaming and crying. It was terrible!"

Vera Johnson (38), Paso Robles, California

c) Give the articles a title.

Exploring Grammar

Past continuous

- 4 Match the underlined tense forms in the texts to their uses. Find more examples.
- **a** two or more actions happening at the same time in the past
- **b** actions giving background information
- c actions happening at a specific time in the past

- **d** an action happening in the past when another action interrupted it
- e gradual development of an action in the past
- 5 Put the verbs in brackets in the past continuous.

1 A: So what

	(you/do) at the time of the earthquake?
	B: Don't ask! We
	(shelter) under the table while the
	whole house (rock).
2	A: (you/watch)
	TV yesterday at 6:00?
	B: No, I (work)
	in the garden while Ann and Bob
	(paint) the fence.
3	A: What (they/do)
	at this time yesterday?

B: They..... (get) ready to go out.

Listening

6 Listen to two eye-witness accounts.
Which natural disaster is each one about?

Speaking

- 7 Use the phrases in Ex. 2 to say what happened to John and Vera.
- **8** Work in pairs. Imagine you experienced each of the disasters in pictures A-E. Act out short exchanges.

Writing

- 9 Portfolio: Imagine you were an eyewitness to one of the natural disasters A-F. Write your account for the local magazine. Write:
 - when it happened
 - where you were
 - how people were feeling
 - what you were doing
 - what was happening
 - who was with you

18 In the news

Vocabulary

Accidents & injuries

1 What happened to each of these people yesterday?

Match the pictures (1-5) to the prompts (a-e), then make sentences, as in the example.



- a Paul/hurt/back/exercise
- **b** Cathy/cut/foot/play/garden
- c Sam/fall off/bike/cycle/next to/beach
- **d** Janet/sprain/ankle/play/ football
- e James/slip/walk down/street
- 1 e James slipped while he was walking down the street.

Reading

- 2 Look at the title of the newspaper article. In which context do you expect to find the following words?

 Listen and read to check.
 - escaped unhurt falling 25 feet balcony
 - lying on the ground started crying balcony railings
 - scratches completely unhurt
- **3** a) Complete the text. Choose the best word (A, B, or C) for each space.

Child Falls 25 Feet – Unhurt

A two-year-old child

1) in Germany escaped
unhurt after falling 25
feet from the 2)
floor of a house in
Dusseldorf yesterday.

Eva Klein, 28,

3) visiting a friend with her son Peter when he fell.

"The children were playing on the balcony,"
4) explained. "I heard a noise and ran outside, but Peter was gone. I 5) down and saw him lying on the

ground. I thought he was dead."

But **6**) Peter started crying and she realised there was hope.

Staff at nearby Solingen Hospital were amazed to find that besides a

7) scratches he was completely unhurt.

Police are now

8) to find out how Peter could have fallen off the balcony in the first place. They believe he may have slipped through the balcony railings.

1	A	in	B	on	\mathbf{C}	at
2	A	wooden	B	second	\mathbf{C}	next
3	A	is	B	was	\mathbf{C}	has
4	A	she	B	her	\mathbf{C}	hers
5	A	saw	B	watched	\mathbf{C}	looked
6	A	then	B	after	\mathbf{C}	also
7	A	few	В	little	\mathbf{C}	lot
8	A	tried	B	trying	\mathbf{C}	try

b) List the events in the order they happened. Imagine you were there when Peter had the accident. Use your list to tell the story.

Exploring Grammar

Past simple - Past continuous

- Study the example. What tenses do we use:
 - to talk about an action that was in progress in the past?
 - to talk about a past action which interrupted another past action which was in progress?

She was visiting a friend with her son, Peter, when he fell.

when

while

Find more examples in the text.

- Join the sentences. Use when or while.
- 1 I was walking down the street
- 2 Sue had an accident
- 3 John and Lisa crashed the car
- 4 Did you burn your finger
- 5 Were you sleeping

- a they were going to work.
- **b** the telephone rang?
- c you were cooking dinner?
- d I slipped and broke my ankle.
- e she was cycling home.

Listening

- a) You are going to hear someone reporting a 6 crash. Look at the picture and the prompts and guess the story.
 - helicopter crash sunbathe swim warm afternoon
 - fly engine roar start falling clear sky
 - people gather rescue pilot/passengers
 - b) Now listen and check your guesses.

Everyday English

Intonation in exclamations

Listen and repeat.

Positive

- Wow!
- That's great!
- Really? How wonderful!

Negative

- How terrible! Oh dear!
- That's awful! Oh no!
- That's shocking!

Expressing surprise/sympathy

In pairs, use expressions 8 from the box in Ex. 7 to react to the news headlines.



- A: It says here that a dog saved a 5-year-old girl.
- B: That's great!

Writing

- Portfolio: Use the prompts in 9 Ex. 6 to write a news report like the one on p. 56. Write:
 - who when where what
 - events in detail (how it happened)
 - action taken

19 I used to ...

Vocabulary

Past habits

1 Which of these did/didn't you use to do when you were eight years old?

When I was eight I used to take ballet lessons. I didn't use to play chess.



Reading

- 2 a) Look at the text and the pictures. Do you recognise these people? What are they famous for?
 - b) Which of the activities in Ex. 1 do you think each person used to do when he/she was younger? Listen and read to check.

Childhood memories



Steven
Spielberg was
born in Ohio,
USA. As a
child he used
to shoot short

films about flying saucers.
That's how his career started.
The director of such scary films as Poltergeist, Jaws and Jurassic Park, used to be scared of just about everything. Today he is still scared of flying and going in



Nicole Kidman was born in Honolulu, Hawaii. The Kidmans used to live in the

USA before they moved to Australia. When Nicole was young, she used to take ballet classes because she wanted to be a ballering.



Tom Cruise was born in New Jersey, USA. When Tom Cruise was

fourteen he wanted to become a **priest**. He also used to **wrestle** on his high school team and only **took up** acting when he injured his knee. Now, his hobbies are skydiving, scuba diving and flying his **stunt** plane.



Although Keanu Reeves has a Hawaiian name, he was born in

Lebanon and he **grew up** in Canada. At school he used to play ice hockey and **his nickname** was "The Wall". Today he enjoys riding his motorbike.

- 3 a) Read the text, then replace the pronouns in bold in sentences 1-5 with the appropriate names.
- 1 He directed the film, *Jaws*.
- **2** He spent his childhood in Canada.
- 3 His friends used to call him "The Wall".
- 4 He wanted to be a wrestler.
- **5 Her** family left the USA to go to Austalia.

b) Read again and find the names of:

- four countries an island
- three films four free-time activities

Then, explain the words in bold.

Exploring Grammar 'Used to' - Past simple

4 a) Match the examples to the rules.

She used to play/played with her dolls when she was six. (She doesn't play with her dolls any more.)

They **bought** a house by the sea last year. (NOT: ... they used to buy a house.)

We use or to talk about past states and habits.

We use to talk about an action which happened at a specific time in the past.

- b) Find examples of *used to* in the text. Where could you also use past simple?
- 5 Use the prompts to ask and answer questions about Sally.



Then

have long hair
wear casual clothes
wear glasses
walk to school
be a bit overweight
live in Woodstock

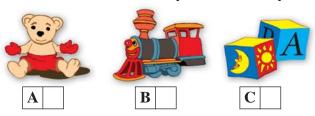
Now

have short hair
wear formal clothes
wear contact lenses
drive to work
be slim
live in Toronto

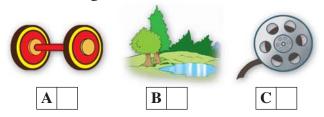
- A: Did Sally use to have short hair then?
- B: No, she didn't. She used to have long hair.

Listening

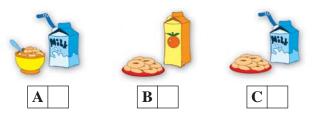
- 6 You will hear three short conversations. For questions 1-3, put a tick (✓) under the right picture.
 - 1 What used to be Mary's favourite toy?



2 Where did Tony use to spend Saturday mornings?



3 What did Ann use to have for breakfast when she was seven?



Speaking

- 7 Close your book, then say what each person in Ex. 2 used to do when they were younger.
- 8 In pairs, interview each other about your childhood. Use the prompts below as well as your own ideas. Then tell the class. Talk about:
 - favourite toy/game
 - where you spent your holidays
 - hobbies/free-time activities
 - ambitions

Writing

Portfolio: Use your answers in Ex. 8 to write a short text about yourself when you were a child. Write about what you used/didn't use to do then.

20 Storytime

Skills Work

Listening

Look at the pictures and, in pairs, try to put them into the correct order. Can you guess the story?
Listen and check.



Reading

- 2 a) Read the story. Which is the best title for it?
 - 1 A wonderful day
- 3 A day to remember
- 2 A forest walk
- lt was a beautiful winter morning and everything was covered in snow. Karen and Fiona were walking slowly through the forest on their way to the **frozen** lake. They were both very excited because they loved skating.
- When they **reached** the lake, the girls put on their skates and walked carefully onto the **ice**. "See! I told you it was safe!" Karen said to Fiona. "I don't know," Fiona said in a scared voice. "What if we **fall through** the ice?" "Don't be silly!" Karen laughed loudly as she skated towards the **middle** of the lake.
- 3 Suddenly, Karen heard a loud crack. She looked down and saw that the ice was breaking. "Fiona! Help!" Karen screamed in **terror**. Fiona skated quickly over to Karen, grabbed her hand and pulled her to safety.
- An hour later, the two friends were sitting in front of a roaring fire, sipping hot chocolate. Karen looked at Fiona and said softly, "You saved my life!" "That's what friends are for," Fiona replied and hugged her. It was a day to remember.
 - b) Work in pairs. Which sentences best describe each picture (A-D)? Then, explain the words in bold.

- **3** Which paragraph tells us:
 - when and where the story happened?
 - who the main characters were?
 - what the climax event was?
 - what the weather was like?
 - what happened in the end?

Speaking

4 List the events in the story in the order they happened.
Use your list to retell the story to the class. Can you think of another ending?

Exploring Grammar Subject/Object questions

5 a) Compare the examples. Which question asks for the subject/object? In which question is the verb form not in the interrogative?

Who went to the cinema?
Sally went to the cinema.
What did she see? She saw E.T.

- b) In pairs, ask and answer subject/object questions based on the story. Use:
- who what when where

Adverbs of manner

- 6 Look at the highlighted adverbs in the story.
- 1 How do we usually form adverbs?
- 2 What do these adverbs tell us?
 - a how something happens
 - **b** how often something happens
- **3** Where do we usually place adverbs of manner?
 - **a** before the main verb
- **b** after the main verb

Come on, Sparky!

- **7** Use the phrases to make sentences.
 - ran quickly spoke loudly walked slowly
 - shouted angrily sang happily smiled proudly

Study Skills

Sequence of events

Before you write a story, decide on the main character(s) and the events. Write the events in the order they happened. This helps the reader understand the story more easily.

Writing

- **8** The picture shows the beginning of a story. Look at it and answer the questions.
 - 2 What time of year was it?

1 Where were they?



- 9 Listen to the sounds. Can you guess what happened next?
- 10 Use your answers from Exs. 8 and 9 to write a story for the school magazine competition, entitled: *A Lucky Escape* (100-120 words). Use the plan below.



Introduction (Para 1) set the scene (who, when, where, what) **Main Body (Paras 2 & 3**) events leading to the main event, main event

Conclusion (Para 3) end story, your feelings



- 11 a) Look at the title of the song. In pairs, write six words you expect to find in the song. Listen and read to check.
 - b) Read the song. How does the singer feel? Why?

Stormy

I was walking along
On my way to your place
With my hands in my pockets
And the wind in my face
Then all of a sudden
It started to rain
And the wind started blowing
Like a hurricane

But I didn't run and I didn't hide I didn't try to get inside I didn't even feel the storm The thought of you kept me dry and warm

The rain was falling
It was flooding the street
I was soaking wet
From my head to my feet
The wind was howling
What a scary sound
The sky was dark
And there was no one around

Now

ean...

- talk/write about accidents & natural disasters
- talk/write about what I used to do when I was younger
- narrate past experiences
- react to good/bad news
- express my surprise
- write a short story

<u>in English</u>

Emergency Services in the UK

- 1 Look at the title and introduction to the text below, then answer the questions.
 - a What do you think its purpose is: to give information/to advertise something?
 - **b** Where do you think you could read it: on a noticeboard/in a phone book?
 - c Who do you think the target reader is: the public/special groups of people?
- Read or listen to the text and answer the questions (1-4). Then, explain the highlighted words.

Study Skills

Reading outside the classroom

Reading a variety of English texts from different sources will help improve your reading skills.

WHEN IT'S AN EMERGENCY

Here are some useful numbers you may need for help and advice on health, house or safety matters.

24-HOUR A&E DEPARTMENTS

Accident and emergency departments at local hospitals will treat serious injuries and sudden illness.

If it is not an emergency, then contact your doctor or call **NHS Direct** (see entry, below)

DOCTORS & DENTISTS

In an emergency, you can usually call the local surgery for a recorded message explaining how to contact the doctor or dentist on duty.

LOCAL POLICE STATIONS

Dial 999 or 112 only in an emergency where there is danger to life or a crime is in progress.

FIRE BRIGADES

Local fire officers can provide helpful advice about fire safety. For details of your Local Fire Safety Office, call Enquiries at the main HQ on (020) 7587 4718

HOUSEHOLD EMERGENCIES

If you have a problem with your electricity, gas or water supply which needs immediate attention, call one of these 24-hour helplines.

ELECTRICITY

1 0800 783 8838

GAS

111999

WATER

1 0845 920 0800

NHS DIRECT

For immediate and confidential health advice and information, 24 hours a day, seven days a week, call **NHS Direct**

1 0845 46 47

www.nhsdirect.nhs.uk

If you need to contact the police, fire brigade, ambulance service or coastguard in an emergency

DIAL 999 or 112

Which number should you call if:

- 1 you have a minor health problem?
- 2 you see someone trying to break into a house?
- 3 you see a house on fire?
- 4 there is a power cut in your house?
- 3 Project: Write a short text giving information, including telephone numbers, about the emergency services in your country.

Curricular Cuts

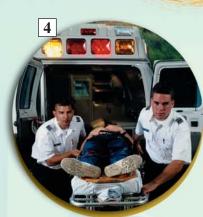
People who help us











- 1 a) Match the pictures to the jobs below.
 - paramedic firefighter
 - police officer lollipop lady
 - b) What are these jobs called in your language?
- 2 How do these people help us? Use the prompts to make sentences. Use your own ideas as well.
 - help/cross busy road teach/ road safety
 - take people/hospital give/ first aid
 - put out fires rescue people
 - stop crime protect people

Police officers stop crime and protect people.

3 Read the title of the text.
Think of two questions you have about the police service in the UK. Listen and read and see if you can answer them.

- 4 Read the text and explain the words in bold. In pairs, ask and answer *wh*-questions based on the text.
- A: Who's the head of each police force in the UK?
- B: The Chief Constable. Who is ...



The POLICE SERVICE in the UNITED KINGDOM

The United Kingdom doesn't have one police force. Instead, there are 50 different forces around the country.

At the head of each force is the Chief Constable (or, in London, the Commissioner). Police constables, under the supervision of sergeants and inspectors, do the general police work, such as patrolling the streets, answering calls and so on. The police station is their base.

Entry to the police force is open to men and women over the age of 18½ who are **physically fit** and have good **eyesight**. Every police officer does two years of police college courses and **on-the-job** training.

Police constables wear a uniform and a helmet and, unlike in many other countries, they do not carry a gun. **Detectives**, who **investigate crimes**, wear **plain clothes**.

- 5 *Project:* What about the police force in your country? Talk about:
 - organisation (head of force, structure, base) duties
 - entry & requirements years of training uniform



Choose the correct word. 1

- 1 Sophie managed to pull her to safety/checkout.
- 2 We sat in front of a howling/roaring fire.
- 3 Tom Cruise took up/grew up acting while at school.
- 4 The boy managed to escape unhurt/safe.
- 5 The ground started **shaking/rumbling**.
- **6** They laughed **strongly/loudly** at the joke.
- 7 The buildings were **shaking/rocking** from side to side.
- 8 Grab/Knock my hand and I'll pull you out.

 $\begin{pmatrix} \text{Points: } \\ 8 \times 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Match the words to form phrases.

hurt	my ankle	shoot	in horror
sprain	of cakes	balcony	noise
hear	my back	rumbling	railings
display	a noise	scream	films
			$\begin{pmatrix} \text{Points: } \\ 8 \times 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Put the verbs in brackets into the past simple or 3 past continuous.

1	At 7 o'clock yesterday evening Josh (do)
	the shopping while Ann (cook) dinner.
2	They (watch) TV when it
	(start) raining.
3	The wind (howl) and the sky
	(get) darker and darker.
4	It (rain) hard so she
	(take) a taxi back home.
5	While John (walk) in the

Write the question about the underlined word(s) of each answer.

park, someone (try) to rob him.

1	A:	?
	B: Ann and Liz went to the forest.	
2	A:	.?
	B: Frank saw an accident.	
3	A:	.?
	B: An earthquake happened last week.	
4	A:	.?

B: They flew to Madrid.

What did(n't) Mary use to 5 do when she was ten? Use the prompts.

- 1 ride a bicycle ✓
- 2 send emails X
- 3 go to the theatre \checkmark
- 4 take ballet lessons X

 $\begin{pmatrix} \text{Points:} & \underline{} \\ 4 \times 3 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$

Match the numbers (1-4) to 6 the letters (a-d).

- They managed to rescue the pilot.
- 100 people died in the earthquake.
- How was your day?
- a That's great!
- **b** Don't ask!
- c That's too bad!
- d That's shocking!

Points: -

My total score
Great Good
Try harder



Smile!

I was ironing when you burn the phone rang, both ears? and I answered the

iron by mistake.



As soon as I put the phone down, it rang again.

Pairwork Activities

Visual Materials

Student A



Inventors

Competition
Are you under 18?
Are you an inventor?
Then this could be the start of something big!
Send us your invention

Last call: 23 September,
T:203-230-0000, 46 Apple Street, Haundey

2A €575.000 Modern four-bedroom Beautiful family house, five minutes from the house in the centre of centre of Canterbury Canterbury Bright, spacious living room **Contact** • Dining room Telephone: 0945 061 2061 Kitchen email: Four bedrooms modernhomes@sales.com Two bathrooms Large garden



Pairwork Activities

SET 1

Visual Materials

Student B

1B

Dance Club

- name?
- when / open?
- what / do?
- ticket / cost?
- where?

2B

House for Sale

- where?
- cost?
- number / rooms?
- garden?
- telephone number?

5B

Young Inventors

- what advert / about?
- prize? / ?
- what age / to take part?
- competition / last day?
- where / send invention?

6B

Enjoy Hawaii

65

- how long / holiday?
- where / stay?
- sports?
- cost?
- special price / children?

A Very SCARY Holiday

1 How much do you know about Halloween? Do the quiz to find out. Check your answers.



2 a) How did Halloween start? When? Listen and read to find out.

THE STORY OF HALLOWEEN

Everyone
loves
Halloween,
but do you
ever wonder
what it
really
means?



2,000 years ago, the Celts lived in the area which is now Ireland, the United Kingdom and northern France. They used to grow their own food and they considered **harvest** time to be the end of the year. Every year, they celebrated New Year's Eve on October 31st with a festival called 'Samhain'. The Celts dressed in animal heads and **skins** for this

- b) Read the article and correct the sentences (1-
- 5). Then, explain the words in bold.
- 1 The Celts lived in Iceland.
- 2 They celebrated New Year's Eve on November 14th.
- 3 Their festival was called Feralia.
- 4 The Druids were ghosts.
- 5 Pomona Day was a Celtic festival.
 - c) In pairs, ask and answer questions based on the text.

3 Project: Let's carve a jack-o'-lantern.

festival, and their **priests**, the Druids, built huge bonfires which the Celts **gathered** around to burn **crops** as **sacrifices** to their ancient gods. October 31st marked the end of summer and the beginning of winter and the Celts believed that on that night, the **ghosts** of the dead returned to Earth. The Celts thought that the ghosts helped the Druids to **predict** the future.

In about 43 AD, after the Romans conquered the Celts, two Roman festivals, Feralia (when Romans remembered their dead) and Pomona Day (when the Romans honoured their goddess of fruits and gardens), were combined with the Celtic Samhain festival. Later, in the 7th century, when Christianity reached the land of the Celts, the Pope made November 1st All Saint's Day. This was a time for people to honour saints and martyrs. This celebration was also called All Hallows or Hallowmas. The night before it became known as All Hallows' Eve, which later changed to Halloween.

Today, people celebrate Halloween with black cats and magic from Samhain, apples and harvest from Pomona Day and ghosts and skeletons from All Saint's Day. It's a thrilling mixture of fun and fear!

Carving the perfect jack-o'-lantern

Material

- a pumpkin
- a large sharp knife
- a spoon
- a small knife
- a permanent marker
- a candle
- 1 Put the pumpkin on the table.
- **2** Cut the top off the pumpkin with the knife.
- **3** Use a spoon. Scoop out the insides.
- 4 Draw the eyes, nose and mouth with the marker.
- **5** Cut out the face with the small knife.
- **6** Put a candle inside and light it.
- **7** Put the top back on.
- 8 Take the jack-o'-lantern and put it outside on your porch until Halloween is over.





16 What were you doing?

Vocabulary

- 1 Fill in the correct word from the list:
 - nightmare enormous
 - display trolley
 - knocked over slipped
 - checkout embarrassed
 - 1 A: How was the play last night?
 - B: It was terrible! I on stage and fell over!
 - A: Oh, no! I bet you were really
 - 2 A: I'm going to get a for the shopping.
 - B: Do you mind if I don't come with you?

 I want to look at the CDs.
 - A: OK. I'll meet you at the
- **3** A: How did your job interview go yesterday?

......

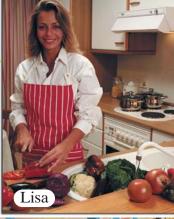
- A: Wow! What a!
- 4 A: Did you see that of flowers in the shop window?
 - B: Yes, it was!

Grammar

Past Continuous

- The following people were at home at 5:00 pm yesterday afternoon. What were they doing? In pairs, ask and answer questions. Use the verbs:
 - play cook read do









- 1 Robert / play video games
 - A: Was Robert playing video games?
 - B: No, he wasn't. He was playing the piano.
- 2 Tony and Steve / do homework
- 3 Lisa / write a letter
- 4 Jessie and Rick / listen to music
- 3 In pairs, ask and answer questions using the prompts, as in the example.
- 1 at 10 o'clock yesterday evening?
 - A: What were you doing at 10 o'clock yesterday evening? B: I was watching TV.
- 2 at two o'clock this morning?
- 3 two hours ago?
- 4 at half past eight yesterday morning?
- 5 at 10 pm last Sunday?
- **6** this time last year?
- 7 when it started raining?
- 8 at lunchtime yesterday?

Everyday English

Expressing complaint & sympathy

- 4 Circle the correct response.
- **1** A: I lost my wallet.
 - B: **a** It was a nightmare.
 - **b** That's too bad.
- 2 A: I feel tired.
 - B: a You poor thing!
 - **b** What a morning!

- **3** A: How was your day?
 - B: a It gets worse.
 - **b** Don't ask!
- **4** A: I studied for the test all night and I still failed!
 - B: a What's it like?
 - **b** Oh, dear!

It happened to me! 17

Vocabulary

1 Label the pictures.



- **2** Fill in the correct word.
 - shake unbelievable
 - howling shelter crack
 - rumbling grabbed
 - trembled survive rocking
- 1 There was a loudsound and then the wind blew the roof off the house!
- **2** People were running to try and find from the rain.
- **3** During the earthquake the side of the building started to
- **4** The wind was so strong that the car was from side to side.
- 5 The man the child's hand and pulled her back from the edge of the cliff.
- **6** As the hurricane passed over our house, the furniture started to
- 7 The force of the flood moved cars and animals. It was!
- 8 Last night the wind wasso loudly, I couldn't sleep.

- 10 The children when they heard the thunder.

Grammar

Past Continuous

- 3 The people at Shoreham Insurance Company were at work yesterday morning when an earthquake struck. Look at the pictures. In pairs, ask and answer questions, as in the example.
 - send fax have meeting talk on the phone
 - look at report work on computer



- **1** A: What was Bill doing? B: He was looking at a report.
- 4 Put the verbs in brackets into the past continuous.

BLOCKBUSTER 2

Blockbuster 2 is designed for learners studying English at Elementary level. The course follows the principles of the Common European Framework of Reference, Level A2 (Basic User).



Web Companion